



STATEMENT OF PRINCIPLES GAMBLING ACT 2005

[2017 - 2020](#)

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PART A

1. INTRODUCTION

1.1 This Licensing Authority Statement of Principles sets out the principles the Uttlesford District Council, as the Licensing Authority under the Gambling Act 2005 (referred to in this document as 'the Act'), proposes to apply in discharging its functions to license premises for gambling under the Act as well as:-

- designating the body responsible for advising the Authority on the protection of children from harm;
- determining whether or not a person is an "Interested Party";
- exchanging information with the Gambling Commission and others; and
- inspecting premises and instituting [court](#) proceedings for offences [committed](#) under the Act.

2. THE LICENSING OBJECTIVES

2.1 In exercising most of its functions under the Act, Licensing Authorities must have regard to the Licensing Objectives as set out in Section 1 of the Act. The Licensing Objectives are:-

- Preventing gambling from being a source of crime or disorder, being associated with crime or disorder or being used to support crime;
- Ensuring that gambling is conducted in a fair and open way; and
- Protecting children and other vulnerable persons from being harmed or exploited by gambling.

3. DESCRIPTION OF THE DISTRICT

3.1 Uttlesford District Council is situated in the County of Essex, which comprises twelve District and Borough Councils and two Unitary Authorities. Uttlesford is a rural area in North West Essex and is geographically the second largest district in the County. It has a population of approx. [79,400](#) [83,500 \(2014\)](#) and over half of these live in one of the four main centres of population, Great Dunmow, Saffron Walden, Stansted and Thaxted. The remainder live in the numerous villages and hamlets which make up the District. In the south of the District is Britain's fourth largest airport, Stansted. A survey published in December [2012](#) [2014](#) stated that Uttlesford offered the [6th](#) [23rd](#) best quality of life in England and Wales. Its pleasant rural setting attracts many visitors from day trippers to those staying for longer periods many of whom will make use of licensed facilities within the district.

4. RESPONSIBILITIES UNDER THE ACT

- 4.1 The Act contains a licensing regime for commercial gambling, to be conducted by the Gambling Commission and by Licensing Authorities, depending on the matter to be licensed.
- 4.2 The Act establishes each District or Borough Council as the Licensing Authority whose responsibilities must be discharged by the Licensing Committee created under Section 6 of the Licensing Act 2003. Uttlesford District Council is the Licensing Authority for the Uttlesford District.
- 4.3 The Gambling Commission is responsible for issuing Operating and Personal licences to persons and organisations who:-
- operate a casino;
 - provide facilities for playing bingo or for pool betting;
 - general betting operating licence
 - act as intermediaries for betting;
 - make gaming machines available for use in Adult Gaming Centres and Family Entertainment Centres;
 - manufacture, supply, install, adapt, maintain or repair gaming machines;
 - manufacture, supply, install or adapt gambling machine software; or
 - promote a lottery.
- 4.4 The Licensing Authority is responsible for licensing premises in which gambling takes place. All types of gambling are covered, other than spread betting and the National Lottery. It is also responsible for issuing permits for premises with gaming machines and for receiving notices from operators wishing to use unlicensed premises for gambling on a temporary basis. It is also responsible for the registration of certain types of exempt Small Society Lotteries.
- 4.5 The Licensing Authority cannot become involved in the moral issues of gambling and must aim to permit the use of premises for gambling in so far as they think it is:-
- in accordance with any relevant codes of practice [under section 24 of the Act](#);
 - in accordance with any relevant Guidance issued by the Gambling Commission [under Section 25](#);
 - reasonably consistent with the Licensing Objectives (subject to the above matters), and
 - in accordance with the Licensing Authority's Statement of Principles (subject to the above matters).

Before the Licensing Authority can consider an application for a Premises Licence, an Operating and (if required) a Personal Licence must have been obtained from the Gambling Commission or applied for. Where an applicant for a Premises Licence has applied to the Gambling

Commission for a licence or licences the Premises Licence may not be granted until the Commission has granted the requisite licence(s).

5. STATEMENT OF PRINCIPLES

5.1 The Licensing Authority is required by the Act to publish a Statement of Principles which contains the principles it proposes to apply when exercising their functions under the Act.

5.2 In this document this is referred to as 'the Statement'. This Statement must be published every three years. The Statement must also be reviewed from 'time to time' and any proposed amendments and/or additions must be subject to fresh consultation. The 'new' Statement must then be published.

5.3 This Statement takes effect ~~on 8 April 2014~~ [in 2017](#)

6. CONSULTATION

6.1 In producing this Statement, the Licensing Authority consulted widely before finalising and publishing it. In addition to the statutory consultees (listed below), the Council chose to consult with additional local groups and individuals. A list of these other groups and persons consulted is also provided below.

6.2 The Act requires that the following parties are consulted by the Licensing Authority:-

- The chief officer of police for the Authority's area;
- One or more persons who appear to the Authority to represent the interests of persons carrying on gambling businesses in the Authority's area; and
- One or more persons who appear to the Authority to represent the interests of persons who are likely to be affected by the exercise of the Authority's functions under the Act.

6.3 The other groups and people consulted were:-

- Parish and town councils within the District;
- Businesses who are, or will be, holders of Premises Licences;
- Responsible Authorities under the Act.
- The public

6.4 The Licensing Authority's consultation took place between [February 2017](#) ~~March 2013~~ and [April 2017](#) ~~June 2013~~

6.5 A full list of comments made and details of the Council's consideration of those comments is available by request to The Licensing Department, Council Offices, London Road, Saffron Walden, CB11 4ER

7. APPROVAL OF THE STATEMENT

- 7.1 This Statement was approved at a meeting of the full Council on *[To be inserted]* and was published via its website in *[To be inserted]*. Copies are available on request.
- 7.2 It should be noted that this Statement does not override the right of any person to make an application, to make representations about an application, or to apply for a review of a licence, as each case will be considered on its own merit and according to the requirements of the Act.

8. DECLARATION

- 8.1 In this Statement the Licensing Authority declares that it has had regard to the Licensing Objectives, formal Guidance issued to Licensing Authorities and any responses from those consulted during the consultation process.
- 8.2 Appendices have been attached to this Statement providing further information and guidance that is intended only to assist readers and should not be interpreted as legal advice or as constituent of the Council's Statement. Readers are strongly advised to seek their own legal advice if they are unsure of the requirements of the Gambling Act 2005, or the guidance or regulations should under the Act.
- 8.3 The Licensing Authority recognises its responsibilities under the Equality Act 2010. The impact of this Statement on race relations and disability equality will be monitored through the Uttlesford District Council's equality scheme.

9. RESPONSIBLE AUTHORITIES

- 9.1 A full list of the Responsible Authorities designated under the Act is given in the Definitions Section and their contact details are included. It should be noted that under the Act, the Licensing Authority is designated as a Responsible Authority.
- 9.2 The Licensing Authority is required to designate, in writing, a body that is competent to advise it about the protection of children from harm. In making this designation the following principles have been applied:-
- the competency of the body to advise the Licensing Authority;
 - the need for the body to be responsible for an area covering the whole of the Licensing Authority's area; and
 - the need for the body to be answerable to democratically elected persons rather than any particular invested interest group etc.
- 9.3 In accordance with the Gambling Commission's Guidance to Local Authorities, the Licensing Authority designates Essex County Council's Children's Safeguarding Children's Board for this purpose.

10. INTERESTED PARTIES

10.1 Interested Parties can make representations about licensing applications or apply for a review of an existing licence. An Interested Party is defined in the Act as follows:-

'... a person is an interested party in relation to a premises licence or in relation to an application for or in respect of a premises if, in the opinion of the Licensing Authority which issues the licence or to which the application is made, the person:-

a) lives sufficiently close to the premises to be likely to be affected by the authorised activities,

b) has business interests that might be affected by the authorised activities,

or

c) represents persons who satisfy paragraphs (a) or (b).'

10.2 Interested parties can be persons who are democratically elected such as councillors and MP's. No specific evidence of being asked to represent an interested person will be required as long as the councillor / MP represents the ward likely to be affected. Likewise, parish councils likely to be affected will be considered to be interested parties. Other than these, however the Licensing Authority will generally require some form of confirmation that a person is authorised to represent an interested party

District Councillors who are not members of the Licensing Committee will not qualify to act in this way.

Other than persons mentioned in 10.2 and 10.3 the Licensing Authority will generally require some form of confirmation that a person is authorised to represent an interested party.

10.3 The Licensing Authority considers that the Trade Associations, Trade Unions and Residents' and Tenants' Associations qualify as "Interested Parties" where they can demonstrate that they represent persons in (a) or (b) above.

10.4 In determining if a person lives sufficiently close to the premises that they are likely to be affected by the authorised activities, or has business interests that might be affected by authorised activities carried on from them the Licensing Authority will consider the following factors:-

- The size of the premises;
- The nature of the premises;
- The distance of the premises from the location of the person making the representation;
- The potential impact of the premises (e.g. number of customers, routes likely to be taken by those visiting the establishment);

- The circumstances of the person making the representation. This does not mean the personal characteristics of that person but his or her interest, which may be relevant to the distance from the premises;
- The catchment area of the premises (i.e. how far people travel to visit); and
- Whether the person making the representation has business interests in that catchment area that might be affected.

The Licensing Authority wishes to ensure that interested parties are aware of applications for licences and variations. Although Town and Parish Councils are not responsible authorities or interested parties in their own right when an application is made for a premises licence or a variation to such a licence in addition to the publicity given to the application by the applicant the Licensing Authority will notify the Town or Parish Council for the area within which the premises are situated. The Licensing Authority will also notify occupants of residential premises adjoining, opposite and to the rear of properties which are the subject of such applications.

11. EXCHANGE OF INFORMATION

11.1 In its exchange of information with parties listed in Schedule 6 of the Act, the Licensing Authority will have regard to:-

- the provisions of the Act, which include the provision that the Data Protection Act 1998 will not be contravened; the guidance issued by the Gambling Commission;
- Data Protection Act 1998;
- Human Rights Act 1998;
- Freedom of Information 2000;
- Environmental Information Regulations 2004;
- the Common Law Duty of Confidence;
- Electronic Communications Act 2000;
- Computer Misuse Act 1990;
- Criminal Procedure and Investigations Act 1996; and
- Crime and Disorder Act 1998.

11.2 Exchanges of information will be conducted in a timely and accurate fashion and confirmed in writing in all cases to form an audit trail. (Note: Written confirmation may include information in electronic form). An audit trail should include:-

- Record of data disclosed;
- Project chronology; and
- Notes of meetings with other partners and recent correspondence including phone calls.

12.2 PUBLIC REGISTER

The Licensing Authority is required to keep a public register and share information in it with the Gambling Commission and others. Regulations will

prescribe what information should be kept in the register. Copies of the register may be obtained on payment of a fee.

13. COMPLIANCE AND ENFORCEMENT

13.1 In exercising its functions with regard to the inspection of premises and to instituting criminal proceedings in respect of offences specified, the Licensing Authority follow best practice as promulgated by the Better Regulation Executive and the Hampton Review of regulatory inspections and enforcement and will endeavour to be:-

- Proportionate – Intervention will only be when necessary. Remedies should be appropriate to the risk posed and costs identified and minimised.
- Accountable – Authorities must be able to justify decisions and be subject to public scrutiny.
- Consistent – Rules and standards must be joined up and implemented fairly.
- Transparent – Enforcement should be open and regulations kept simple and user friendly.
- Targeted – Enforcement should be focused on the problems and minimise side effects.

13.2 The Licensing Authority will endeavour to avoid duplication with other regulatory regimes, so far as is possible, and adopt a risk based inspection programme.

13.3 The main enforcement and compliance role of the Licensing Authority in terms of the Act will be to ensure compliance with the Premises Licence and other permissions which it authorises. The Gambling Commission will be the enforcement body for Operating and Personal Licences. Concerns about the manufacturer, supply or repair of gaming machines will not be dealt with by the Licensing Authority but will be notified to the Gambling Commission.

13.4 The Licensing Authority will keep itself informed of developments as regards the work of the Better Regulation Executive in its consideration of the regulatory functions of Local Authorities, [and will have regard to best practice.](#)

13.5 Bearing in mind the principle of transparency, the Licensing Authority's enforcement/compliance protocols, or written agreements, will be available on request to the Licensing Authority. Details of the risk based approach to inspection will also be available upon request. Details of this

information can also be found on the Council's website:
www.uttlesford.gov.uk

14. DELEGATION OF POWERS

The Council has agreed a scheme of delegation for discharging its functions under the Act.

PART B PREMISES LICENSES

15. GENERAL PRINCIPLES

15.1 Premises Licences will be subject to the permissions/restrictions set out in the Act as well as the specific mandatory and default conditions which will be detailed in regulations issued by the Secretary of State. Licensing Authorities are able to exclude default conditions and also attach others, where it is thought appropriate.

15.2 Licensing Authorities are required by the Act, in making decisions about Premises Licences, to permit the use of premises for gambling so far as it thinks fit:-

- in accordance with any relevant codes of practice issued by the Gambling Commission [under section 24 of the Act](#);
- in accordance with any relevant guidance issued by the Gambling Commission [under section 25](#);
- to be reasonably consistent with the Licensing Objectives (subject to the above matters); and
- in accordance with the Authority's Statement (subject to the above matters).

15.3 Definition of Premises:

Premises is defined in the Act as "any place". It is for the Licensing Authority to decide whether different parts of a building can be properly regarded as being separate premises although this will always be considered in the light of guidance issued by the Gambling Commission. It will always be a question of fact in each circumstance. The Gambling Commission does not, however, consider that areas of a building that are artificially or temporarily separate can be properly regarded as different premises.

The Licensing Authority will pay particular attention to applications where access to the licensed premises is through other premises (which themselves may be licensed or unlicensed).

15.4 Demand:

Demand is a commercial consideration and is not an issue for the

Licensing Authority.

A. The Act is clear that demand issues (e.g. the likely demand or need for gambling facilities in an area) cannot be considered with regard to the location of premises but that considerations in terms of the licensing objectives can. The Licensing Authority will pay particular attention to the objectives of protection of children and vulnerable persons from being harmed or exploited by gambling, as well as issues of crime and disorder.

B. In order for location to be considered, the Licensing Authority will need to be satisfied that there is sufficient evidence that the particular location of the premises would be harmful to the licensing objectives. From 6th April 2016, it is a requirement of the Gambling Commission's Licence Conditions and Codes of Practice (LCCP), under section 10, that licensees assess the local risks to the licensing objectives posed by the provision of gambling facilities at their premises and have policies, procedures and control measures to mitigate those risks. In making risk assessments, licensees must take into account relevant matters identified in this policy.

C. The LCCP also states that licensees must review (and update as necessary) their local risk assessments:

a) to take account of significant changes in local circumstance, including those identified in this policy;

b) when there are significant changes at a licensee's premises that may affect their mitigation of local risks;

c) when applying for a variation of a premises licence; and

d) in any case, undertake a local risk assessment when applying for a new premises licence.

D The Licensing Authority expects the local risk assessment to consider as a minimum:

• whether the premises is in an area of deprivation

• whether the premises is in an area subject to high levels of crime and/or disorder

• the ethnic profile of residents in the area, and how game rules, self-exclusion leaflets etc. are communicated to those groups

• the demographics of the area in relation to vulnerable groups

• the location of services for children such as schools, playgrounds, toy shops, leisure centres and other areas where children will gather

E In every case the local risk assessment should show how vulnerable people, including people with gambling dependencies, are protected.

F Other matters that the assessment may include:

• The training of staff in brief intervention when customers show signs of excessive gambling, the ability of staff to offer brief intervention and how the manning of premises affects this.

• Details as to the location and coverage of working CCTV cameras, and how the system will be monitored.

• The layout of the premises so that staff have an unobstructed view of persons using the premises.

• The number of staff that will be available on the premises at any one time. If at any time that number is one, confirm the supervisory and monitoring arrangements when that person is absent from the licensed area or distracted from supervising the premises and observing those persons using the premises.

• Arrangements for monitoring and dealing with under age persons and vulnerable persons, which may include dedicated and trained personnel, leaflets, posters, selfexclusion schemes, window displays and advertisements not to entice passers-by etc.

• The provision of signage and documents relating to games rules, gambling care providers and other relevant information be provided in both English and the other prominent first language for that locality.

• Where the application is for a betting premises licence, other than in respect of a track, the location and extent of any part of the premises which will be used to

[provide betting machines.](#)

[G Such information may be used to inform the decision the council makes about whether to grant the licence, to grant the licence with special conditions or to refuse the application.](#)

[H This policy does not preclude any application being made and each application will be decided on its merits, with the onus being upon the applicant to show how the concerns can be overcome.](#)

15.5 Location:

Location will only be material consideration in the context of the Licensing Objectives.

15.6 Duplication with other Regulatory Regimes:

Duplication with other statutory/regulatory regimes will be avoided where possible. This Authority will not consider whether a licence application is likely to be awarded Planning Permission or Building Control consent.

15.7 Licensing Objectives:

In considering whether applications are reasonably consistent with the Licensing Objectives, the Licensing Authority will take into account the following:

Preventing gambling from being a source of crime or disorder, being associated with crime or disorder, or being used to support crime –

Whilst the Licensing Authority is aware that the Gambling Commission will be taking a leading role in preventing gambling from being a source of crime, it will pay attention to the proposed location of gambling premises in terms of this licensing objective.

Where an area has known high levels of organised crime, this Authority will consider carefully whether gambling premises are suitable to be located there and the need for conditions, such as the provision of door supervisors.

The Licensing Authority is aware that there is a distinction between disorder and nuisance and that the prevention of nuisance is not a Licensing Objective under the Act.

Ensuring that gambling is conducted in a fair and open way –

The Gambling Commission does not generally expect Licensing Authorities to be concerned with ensuring that gambling is conducted in a fair and open way. The Licensing Authority notes that in relation to the licensing of tracks, its role will be different from other premises in that track operators will not necessarily have an Operating Licence. In those circumstances, the Premises Licence may need to contain conditions to ensure that the environment in which betting takes place is suitable.

Protecting children and other vulnerable persons from being harmed or exploited by gambling –

In practice, the Objective of protecting children from being harmed or exploited by gambling often means preventing them from taking part in, or being in close proximity to, gambling.

[The Council will pay attention to the proposed location of gambling premises in terms of the proximity of gambling premises to schools and vulnerable adult centres, or residential areas where there may be a high concentration of families with children.](#)

There is no definition of the term 'vulnerable person' in the Act, but this could include people who are gambling beyond their means and people who may not be able to make informed or balanced decisions about gambling due to a mental impairment, alcohol or drugs.

15.8 Conditions:

The Authority is aware that the mandatory and default conditions imposed by the Act will normally be sufficient to regulate gambling premises. In exceptional cases where there are specific risks or problems associated with a particular locality, specific premise or class of premises the authority may consider attaching individual conditions related to the licensing objectives. Any conditions attached to Licences will be proportionate and will be:-

- relevant to the need to make the proposed premises suitable as a gambling facility;
- directly related to the premises and the type of licence applied for;
- fairly and reasonably related to the scale and type of premises; and
- reasonable in all other respects.

In addition, the Licensing Authority will examine how applicants propose to address the licensing objectives. In considering applications the Licensing Authority will particularly take into account the following, if deemed appropriate:

- Proof of age schemes
- CCTV
- Door Supervisors
- Supervision of entrances/machine areas;
- Physical separation of areas;
- Location of entry;
- Notices and signage;

- Specific opening hours; and
- With particular regard to vulnerable persons, measures such as the use of self-barring schemes, provision of information, leaflets, helpline numbers for organisations such as GamCare.

15.9 Decisions upon individual conditions will be made on a case by case basis. Consideration will be given to using control measures, should there be a perceived need, such as the use of door supervisors, supervision of adult gaming machines, appropriate signage for adult only areas, etc. Applicants will also be expected to offer their own suggestions as to the way in which the Licensing Objectives can be effectively met.

15.10 It is noted that there are conditions which the Licensing Authority cannot attach to Premises Licences. These are:-

- any conditions on the Premises Licence which make it impossible to comply with an Operating Licence condition;
- conditions relating to gaming machine categories, numbers, or method of operation;
- conditions which provide that membership of a club or body be required (the Act specifically removes the membership requirement for casino and bingo clubs and this provision prevents it being reinstated);
- conditions in relation to stakes, fees, and the winning of prizes.

15.11 **Door Supervisors:**

The Licensing Authority may consider whether there is a need for door supervisors in terms of the Licensing Objectives of protecting of children and vulnerable persons from being harmed or exploited by gambling and also in terms of preventing premises becoming a source of crime. As the Act has amended the Security Industry Act 2001, door supervisors at casinos or bingo premises will not normally need to be licensed by the Security Industry Authority.

[The Authority will make a door supervisory requirement only if there is clear evidence from the history of trading at the premises that the premises cannot be adequately supervised from the counter and that door supervision is both necessary and proportionate.](#)

15.12 **Credit:**

Credit facilities are prohibited from being provided in casinos and bingo licensed premises. Cash machines (ATM's) may be installed in such premises but the licensing authority may apply conditions as to where they are sited.

15.13 Betting Machines: (See Definitions)

In relation to Casinos, Betting Premises and Tracks, the Licensing Authority can restrict the number of betting machines, their nature and the circumstances in which they are made available by attaching a licence condition to a Betting Premises Licence or to a Casino Premises Licence (where betting is permitted in the Casino).

15.14 When considering whether to impose a condition to restrict the number of betting machines in particular premises, the Licensing Authority, among other things, shall take into account:-

- the size of the premises;
- the number of counter positions available for person to person transactions; and
- the ability of staff to monitor the use of the machines by children and young persons or by vulnerable persons.

15.15 In deciding whether to impose conditions to limit the number of betting machines, each application will be considered on its own merit and account will be taken of codes of practice or guidance issued under the Act.

16. PROVISIONAL STATEMENTS

The Guidance states that a licence to use premises for gambling should only be issued in relation to premises that the licensing authority can be satisfied are going to be ready to be used for gambling in the reasonably near future, consistent with the scale of building or alterations required before the premises are brought into use.

If the construction of a premises is not yet complete, or if they need alteration, or if the applicant does not yet have a right to occupy them, or does not have an operators licence, then an application for a provisional statement should be made instead.

In deciding whether a premises licence can be granted where there are outstanding construction or alteration works at a premises, this authority will determine applications on their merits, and in accordance with the Gambling Commission guidance.

17. REPRESENTATIONS AND REVIEWS

17.1 Representations and Applications for Review of Premises Licence may be made by responsible authorities and interested parties.

17.2 The Licensing Authority can make a representation or apply for a review of the Premises Licence on the basis of any reason that it thinks is

appropriate. For the purpose of exercising its discretion in these matters, the Authority has designated officers in accordance with the Scheme of Delegation as being the proper persons to act on its behalf.

17.3 The Licensing Authority will decide if a representation or application for a review is to be carried out on the basis of whether or not the request is:

- Frivolous or vexatious.
- Will certainly not cause the Authority to wish to /revoke/suspend the Licence or remove, amend or attach conditions to the Licence
- Substantially the same as previous representations or requests for a review.
- In accordance with any relevant codes of practice issued by the Gambling Commission.
- In accordance with any relevant guidance issued by the Gambling Commission.
- Reasonably consistent with the licensing objectives.

17.4 There is no appeal against the Authority's determination of the relevance of an application for review but such determination may be the subject of an application for judicial review.

18. ADULT GAMING CENTRES

18.1 An Adult Gaming Centre is defined in the Definitions. Entry to these premises is age restricted.

18.2 The Licensing Authority will take account of any conditions applied to an Operating Licence in respect of such premises.

19. (LICENSED) FAMILY ENTERTAINMENT CENTRES

19.1 A Licensed Family Entertainment Centre is defined in Definitions. Entry to these premises is not generally age restricted although entry to certain areas may be restricted, dependent on the category of machines available for use.

19.2 The Licensing Authority will take account of any conditions applied to an Operating Licence in respect of such premises.

20. CASINOS

20.1 The Licensing Authority has made no decision on casinos but each application will be considered on its own merit. In making this decision the Licensing Authority consulted widely on this specific issue.

20.2 Casinos and Competitive Bidding:

The Licensing Authority is aware that where a Licensing Authority's area is enabled to grant a Premises Licence for a new style casino, there are likely to be a number of operators which will want to run a casino. In such situations the Council will run a competition in line with Regulations and Codes of Practice issued under the Act by the Secretary of State. It should be noted that at the time this Statement was adopted this Licensing Authority's area had not been so enabled.

20.3 Betting Machines:

The Licensing Authority can restrict the number of betting machines, their nature and the circumstances in which they are made available by attaching a licence condition to a Betting Premises Licence or to a Casino Premises Licence (*where betting is permitted in the casino*). When considering whether to impose a condition to restrict the number of betting machines in particular premises, the Licensing Authority, amongst other things should take into account:-

- the size of the premises;
- the number of counter positions available for person to person transactions; and
- the ability of staff to monitor the use of the machines by children and young persons or by vulnerable persons.

20.4 In deciding whether to impose conditions to limit the number of betting machines, each application will be on its own merits and account will be taken of Codes of Practice or Guidance issued under the Act.

20.5 Credit:

Credit facilities are prohibited in casinos; however, this does not prevent the installation of cash dispensers (ATMs) on the premises, although the Licensing Authority may attach conditions as to the siting of such machines.

21. BINGO PREMISES

21.1 A Bingo premises is defined in the Definitions. Entry to these premises is not generally age restricted although entry to certain areas may be restricted, dependent on the category of machines available for use.

21.2 The Licensing Authority will take account of any conditions applied to an Operating Licence in respect of such premises.

21.3 Credit:

Credit facilities are prohibited in premises licensed for Bingo, however,

this does not prevent the installation of cash dispensers (ATMs) on the premises, although the Licensing Authority may attach conditions as to the siting of such machines.

22. BETTING PREMISES

22.1 Betting Premises are defined in the Definitions.

22.2 The Licensing Authority will take account of any conditions applied to an Operating Licence in respect of such premises.

23. TRACKS

A Track is defined in the Definitions. Entry to parts of these premises is generally age restricted. On race days, specific areas within the Track may be age restricted dependent on the licensable activities taking place.

24. TRAVELLING FAIRS

The Licensing Authority will determine whether the statutory requirement that the facilities for gambling amount to no more than an ancillary amusement at a travelling fair is met, where Category D machines and/or equal chance prize gaming without a permit are to be made available for use.

25. PUBLICITY FOR APPLICATIONS

The Licensing Authority wishes to ensure that interested parties are aware of applications for licences and variations. When an application is made for a premises licence or a variation to such a licence in addition to the publicity given to the application by the applicant the Licensing Authority will notify the Town or Parish Council for the area within which the premises are situated. The Licensing Authority will also notify occupants of residential premises adjoining, opposite and to the rear of properties which are the subject of such applications.

PART C PERMITS/TEMPORARY OR OCCASIONAL USE NOTICES/REGISTRATIONS

26. GENERAL

Forms and Method of Application and any additional information or documents required for permits covered by this section can be obtained from the Licensing Authority.

27. UNLICENSED FAMILY ENTERTAINMENT CENTRE GAMING MACHINE PERMITS

27.1 Where a premises does not hold a Premises Licence but wishes to provide Gaming machines, it may apply to the Licensing Authority for a Permit. It should be noted that the applicant must show that the premises will be wholly or mainly used for making gaming machines available for use.

27.2 Statement of Licensing Principles

The Licensing Authority will expect the applicant to show that there are written policies and procedures in place to protect children from harm. Harm in this context is not limited to harm from gambling but includes wider child protection considerations. The suitability of such policies and procedures will be considered on their merits, however where children and young persons are permitted, they may include:-

- A basic CRB or equivalent criminal record check for the applicant and the person having day to day control at the premises
- How the applicant proposed to ensure that children will be protected from harm whilst on the premises
- Training covering how staff would deal with:-
 - unsupervised, very young children being on the premises, or
 - children causing perceived problems on/around the premises.
 - Suspected truant children
 - [Safeguarding awareness training](#)

28. (ALCOHOL) LICENSED PREMISES GAMING MACHINE PERMITS

28.1 There is provision in the Act for premises licensed to sell alcohol for consumption on the premises to automatically have two gaming machines, of Categories C and/or D. The Premises Licence holder needs to notify the Licensing Authority at least two months prior to the date of expiry of the current permit.

28.2 Gaming machines can only be located on licensed premises that have a bar for serving customers.

28.3 Premises restricted to selling alcohol only with food, will not be able to apply for a Permit, unless they have a separate bar area

28.4 Where an application for more than two gaming machines is received, the Licensing Authority will specifically have regard to the need to protect children and vulnerable persons from harm, or being exploited by gambling and will expect the applicant to satisfy the Authority that there will be sufficient measures to ensure that under 18 year olds do not have access to the adult only machines. Measures will cover such issues as:-

- Adult machines being in sight of the bar;
- Adult machines being in sight of staff who will monitor that the machines are not being used by those under 18;
- Appropriate notices and signage; and
- As regards the protection of vulnerable persons, the Licensing Authority will consider measures such as the use of self-barring schemes, provision of information, and leaflets/help line numbers for organisations such as GamCare.

The Licensing Authority can decide to grant an application with a smaller number of machines and/or a different category of machines than that applied for but conditions other than these cannot be attached.

29. PRIZE GAMING PERMITS

29.1 Where premises do not hold a premises licence but wish to provide prize gaming, an application for a prize gaming permit may be made to the Licensing Authority. The applicant must specify the nature of the gaming for which the permit is sought. The applicant should be able to demonstrate that:

- They understand the limits to stakes and prizes that are set out in the Regulations; and
- That the gaming offered is within the law

29.2 Statement of Licensing Principles

The Licensing Authority will expect the applicant to show that there are written policies and procedures in place to protect children from harm. Harm in this context is not limited to harm from gambling but includes wider child protection considerations. The suitability of such policies and procedures will be considered on their merits, however, they may include:-

- A basic CRB or equivalent criminal record check for the applicant and the person having day to day control at the premises
- How the applicant proposed to ensure that children will be protected from harm whilst on the premises
- Training covering how staff would deal with:-

- unsupervised, very young children being on the premises, or
- children causing perceived problems on/around the premises.
- Suspected truant children
- [Safeguarding awareness training](#)

In making its decision on an application for a Permit, the Licensing Authority does not need to have regard to the Licensing Objectives but must have regard to any Gambling Commission guidance.

30. CLUB GAMING AND CLUB MACHINE PERMITS

30.1 Members' clubs and miners' welfare institutes may apply for a Club Gaming Permit and/or a Club Gaming Machine Permit, but are restricted by category and number of machines and to equal chance gaming and games of chance.

30.2 ~~A fast-track procedure is available for premises that hold a Club Premises Certificate under the Licensing Act 2003~~ [Commercial clubs may apply for a club machine permit, subject to restrictions.](#)

[30.3 The gambling provided under the authority of a club gaming permit must also meet the following conditions.](#)

[\(a\) in respect of gaming machines](#)

[No child or young person may use a category B or C machine on the premises. That the holder must comply with any relevant provision of a code of practice about the location and operation of gaming machines.](#)

[\(b\) the public, children, and young persons must be excluded from any area of the premises where the gaming is taking place.](#)

[30.4 Section 273 of the Act sets out the conditions that will apply to the club machine permit, including that in respect of gaming machines no child or young person uses a category B or C machine on the premises and that the holder complies with any relevant provision of a code of practice about the location and operation of gaming machines..](#)

31. TEMPORARY USE NOTICES (TUN)

31.1 The persons designated to receive TUNs and to issue objections are specified in the Scheme of Delegation available from the Authority.

31.2 A TUN may only be granted to a person or company holding an operating licence relevant to the temporary use of the premises. Regulations will be issued by the Secretary of State prescribing the activities to be covered. Under current regulations a Temporary Use Notice can only be issued for equal chance gaming.

31.3 For the purpose of a TUN, a set of premises is the subject of a TUN if any part of the premises is the subject of the Notice. This prevents one large premises from having a TUN in effect for more than 21 days per year by giving a Notice in respect of different parts.

31.4 The definition of "a set of premises" will be a question of fact in the

particular circumstances of each Notice that is given. In considering whether a place falls within the definition of “a set of premises” the Licensing Authority will consider, amongst other things, the ownership/occupation and control of the premises.

31.5 The Licensing Authority will object to Notices where it appears that there effect would be to permit regular gambling in a place that could be described as one set of premises.

32. OCCASIONAL USE NOTICES

32.1 Occasional Use Notices, apply only to tracks, which are described as being premises on any part of which a race or other sporting events take place, or is intended to take place. Tracks need not be a permanent fixture.

32.2 OUN's are intended to permit licensed betting operators who have the appropriate permission of the Gambling Commission to use tracks for short periods for conducting betting. The OUN dispenses with the need for a Betting Premises Licence for the track.

32.3 The Licensing Authority has very little discretion as regards these Notices, aside from ensuring that a statutory limit of 8 days in a calendar year is not exceeded.

32.4 The Licensing Authority will, however, consider the definition of a track and whether the applicant is permitted to avail him/herself of the Notice.

32.5 The person designated to receive the OUN's and assess validity is specified in the scheme of delegation

33. SMALL SOCIETY LOTTERIES

The definition of a Small Society Lottery is contained in the Definitions and these require registration with the Licensing Authority.

ANNEXES

ANNEX 1 - DEFINITIONS

Adult Gaming Centres – premises for gaming machines; entitles them to make category B, C and D gaming machines available

Betting – making or accepting a bet on:-

- the outcome of a race, competition or other event
- likelihood of anything occurring or
- anything is or is not true

Betting Premises – Premises licensed to accept bets

Bingo – no statutory definition; have its ordinary and natural meaning. Can include cash bingo where the stakes paid are make up the cash prizes, or prize bingo, where form of prize is not directly related to the stakes paid

Family Entertainment Centre – premises which provides gaming machines in categories C and D.

Gambling – includes gaming, betting or lottery

Gaming Machines – machine designed or adapted for use by individuals to gamble (excludes betting machines or machines that enable the playing of bingo); Secretary of State by regulations can define four classes of gaming machine with regards to stake, value of prize, nature of prize and nature of gambling (A-D).

Interested Party - For the purposes of this Act, a person is an interested party in relation to a premises licence if, in the opinion of the Licensing Authority which issues the licence or to which the application is made, the person:-

- a) Lives sufficiently close to the premises to be likely to be affected by the authorised activities;
- b) Has business interests that might be affected by the authorised activities;
- c) Represents persons who satisfy a) or b) above

Prize Gaming – gaming where nature and size of the prize is not determined by the number of people playing or the amount paid for or raised by gaming; the prize is determined by the operator before the play commences

Responsible Authority - For the purposes of this Act, the following are responsible authorities in relation to premises:

1. The Licensing Authority in whose area the premises are wholly or mainly situated (“Uttlesford District Council”)
2. The Gambling Commission;
3. Essex Police;
4. Essex Fire and Rescue Service;

5. Planning Services Manager, Uttlesford District Council;
6. Environmental Health Manager, Uttlesford District Council;
7. Local Safeguarding Children's Board for Essex;
8. HM Customs and Excise

Small Society Lotteries – lottery run by non-commercial societies (established and conducted for charitable purposes, for the purpose of enabling participation in, or of supporting, sport, athletics or a cultural activity; or for any other non-commercial purpose other than private gain.)

Tracks – site where races or other sporting events take place; no special class of betting premises licences for tracks

ANNEX 2 – RESPONSIBLE AUTHORITIES

LICENSING AUTHORITY: The Licensing Department, Uttlesford District Council, Council Offices, London Road, Saffron Walden, Essex CB11 4ER

GAMBLING COMMISSION: Victoria Square House, Victoria Square, Birmingham B2 4BP

ESSEX POLICE : ~~Licensing Unit, Essex Police, Blythe Meadows, Braintree, Essex CM7 3DJ~~ The Licensing Department (Alcohol), Essex Police, PO Box 12306, Police Station, Newland Street, Witham. CM8 2AS.

ESSEX FIRE AND RESCUE SERVICE : Uttlesford & Braintree Community Command, Essex Fire and Rescue Service, Fire Station, Railway Street, Braintree, Essex CM7 3JD

PLANNING SERVICES: The Planning Department, Uttlesford District Council, Council Offices, London Road, Saffron Walden, Essex CB11 4ER

ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH: Environmental Health Department, Uttlesford District Council, Council Offices, London Road, Saffron Walden, Essex CB11 4ER

ESSEX COUNTY COUNCIL CHILDREN'S SAFEGUARDING SERVICE: Head of Children's Safeguarding Service, Licensing Applications, Essex County Council, PO Box 11, Chelmsford, Essex CM1 1LX

HM CUSTOMS AND EXCISE: ~~Greenock Accounting Centre, Custom House, Custom House Quay, Greenock PA15 1EQ~~ The National Registration Unit, HMRC, National Registration Unit, Betting & Gaming, Cotton House, 7 Cochrane Street, Glasgow. G1 1HY

ANNEX 3 - USEFUL CONTACTS

The Gambling Commission maintains a list of useful contacts on organisations involved in gambling and their contact details can be found on the Commission's website www.gamblingcommission.gov.uk Some of these organisations provide codes of practice on their particular interest area.